State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-sixth Legislature Second Regular Session 2004

CHAPTER 341

HOUSE BILL 2396

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 15-448, 15-459, 15-491, 15-943.04, 15-949 AND 15-977, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTION 15-980, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS TRANSMITTED TO THE GOVERNOR IN SENATE BILL 1405, SECTION 5, FORTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, SECOND REGULAR SESSION; AMENDING SECTION 15-1021, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 42, CHAPTER 6, ARTICLE 5, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 42-6210; AMENDING LAWS 2002, CHAPTER 330, SECTION 51, AS TRANSMITTED TO THE GOVERNOR IN SENATE BILL 1405, SECTION 7, FORTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, SECOND REGULAR SESSION; RELATING TO SCHOOL FINANCE; PROVIDING FOR CONDITIONAL ENACTMENT.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 15-448, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

15-448. Formation of unified school district: board membership: budget

- A. One or more common school districts and a high school district with coterminous or overlapping boundaries may establish a unified school district pursuant to this section. Unification of a common school district and a high school district is not authorized by this section if any of the high school facilities owned by the new unified school district would not be located within its boundaries.
- B. Formation of a unified school district shall be by resolutions approved by the governing boards of the unifying school districts and certification of approval by such governing boards to the county school superintendent of the county or counties in which such individual school districts are located. A common school district and high school district that unify pursuant to this section shall not exclude from the same unification a common school district that has overlapping boundaries with the high school district and that wishes to unify. The formation of a unified school district shall become effective on July 1 of the next fiscal year following the certification of the county school superintendent. An election shall not be required to form a unified school district pursuant to this section.
- C. The boundaries of the unified school district shall be the boundaries of the former common school district or districts that unify. The boundaries of the common school district or districts that are not unifying remain unchanged. The county school superintendent, immediately upon receipt of the approved resolutions prescribed by subsection B of this section, shall file with the board of supervisors, the county assessor and the superintendent of public instruction a transcript of the boundaries of the unified school district. The boundaries shown in the transcript shall become the legal boundaries of the school districts on July 1 of the next fiscal year.
- D. On formation of the unified school district, the governing board shall contain CONSISTS OF the members of the former school district governing boards and the members shall hold office until January 1 following the first general election after formation of the district.
- E. Beginning ON January 1 following the first general election after formation of the unified school district, the governing board shall have five members. At the first general election after the formation of the district, members shall be elected in the following manner:
- 1. The three candidates receiving the highest, the second highest and the third highest number of votes shall be elected to four year terms.

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- 2. The two candidates receiving the fourth and fifth highest number of votes shall be elected to two year terms. Thereafter all offices shall have four year terms.
- F. The new unified school district may appoint a resident of the remaining common school district to serve as a nonvoting member of the governing board to represent the interests of the high school pupils who reside in the remaining common school district and WHO attend SCHOOL IN the unified school district.
- G. For the first year of operation, the unified school district governing board shall prepare a consolidated budget based on the student counts from the school districts comprising the unified school district, except that for purposes of determining budget amounts and equalization assistance, the student count for the former high school district shall not include the prior year average daily membership attributable to high school pupils from a common school district that was part of the former high school district but is not part of the unified school district. The unified school district shall charge the remaining common school district tuition for these pupils as provided in subsection J of this section and shall not include such pupils for the purpose of making any adjustment for rapid decline in student count pursuant to section 15-942. The unified school district may budget for unification assistance pursuant to section 15-912.01.
- H. The governing board of the unified school district shall prepare policies, curricula and budgets for the district. These policies shall require that:
- 1. The base compensation of each certificated teacher for the first year of operation of the new unified school district shall not be lower than the certificated teacher's base compensation for the prior year in the previously existing school districts.
- 2. The certificated teacher's years of employment in the previously existing school districts shall be included in determining the teacher's certificated years of employment in the new unified school district.
- I. Upon formation of a unified school district any existing override authorization of the former high school district and the former common school district or districts shall continue until expiration based on the revenue control limit of the school district or districts that had override authorization prior to unification. The unified school district may request new override authorization for the budget year as provided in section 15-481 based on the combined revenue control limit of the new district after unification. If the unified school district's request for override authorization is approved, it will replace any existing override for the budget year.
- J. The unified school district shall admit high school pupils who reside in a common school district that was located within the boundaries of the former high school district. Tuition shall be paid to the unified school district by the common school district in which such pupils reside. Such

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tuition amount shall be calculated in accordance with section 15-824, subject to the following modifications:

- 1. If the former high school district had outstanding bonded indebtedness at the time of unification, the combined tuition for the group of high school pupils who reside in each common school district shall include a debt service amount for the former high school district's outstanding bonded indebtedness that is determined as follows:
- (a) Divide the total secondary assessed valuation of the common school district in which the group of pupils reside by the total secondary assessed valuation of the former high school district. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "SECONDARY ASSESSED VALUATION" MEANS SECONDARY ASSESSED VALUATION FOR THE TAX YEAR PRIOR TO THE YEAR WHEN THE UNIFICATION OCCURS AND INCLUDES THE VALUES USED TO DETERMINE VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS COLLECTED PURSUANT TO TITLE 9, CHAPTER 4, ARTICLE 3 AND TITLE 48, CHAPTER 1, ARTICLE 8.
- (b) Multiply the quotient obtained in subdivision (a) of this paragraph by the unified school district's annual debt service expenditure.
- (c) For the purposes of this paragraph, "secondary assessed valuation" means secondary assessed valuation for the tax year prior to the year when the unification occurs and includes the values used to determine voluntary contributions collected pursuant to title 9, chapter 4, article 3 and title 48, chapter 1, article 8.
- 2. The debt service portion of such tuition payments calculated pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection shall be used exclusively for debt service of the outstanding bonded indebtedness of the former high school district. When such indebtedness is fully extinguished, the debt service portion of a pupil's tuition shall be determined in accordance with paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- 3. If the former high school district had no outstanding bonded indebtedness at the time of unification, the tuition calculation shall include the actual school district expenditures for the portion of any debt service of the unified school district that pertains to any construction or renovation of high school facilities divided by the school district's student count for the high school portion of the school district.
- 4. The unified school district shall not include in the tuition calculation any debt service that pertains to any construction or renovation of school facilities for preschool through grade eight.
- 5. Notwithstanding section 15-951, subsection H, the revenue control limit of the common school district shall include the full amount of the debt service portion of the tuition calculated pursuant to this subsection.
- K. All assets and liabilities of the unifying school districts shall be transferred and assumed by the new unified school district. Any existing bonded indebtedness of a common school district or a high school district unifying pursuant to this section shall be assumed by the new unified school district and shall be regarded as an indebtedness of the new unified school district for the purpose of determining the debt incurring authority of the

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district. Taxes for the payment of such bonded indebtedness shall be levied on all taxable property in the new unified school district, but nothing in this subsection shall be construed to relieve from liability to taxation for the payment of all taxable property of the former high school district if necessary to prevent a default in the payment of any bonded indebtedness of the former high school district. The residents of a common school district that does not unify shall not vote in bond or override elections of the unified school district and shall not be levied for ASSESSED taxes as a result of a bond or override election of the unified school district.

- L. If the remaining common school district had authorization for an override as provided in section 15-481 or 15-482, the override authorization continues for the remaining common school district or districts in the same manner as before the formation of the unified school district.
- M. The bonding authorization and bonding limitations continue for the remaining common school district or districts in the same manner as before the formation of the unified school district.
- N. Nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve a school district formed pursuant to section 15-457 or 15-458 of its liability for any outstanding bonded indebtedness.
- O. FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT BECOME UNIFIED AFTER JULY 1, 2004 AND WHERE ALL OF THE COMMON SCHOOLS WERE ELIGIBLE FOR THE SMALL SCHOOL DISTRICT WEIGHT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-943, PARAGRAPH 1, SUBDIVISION (a) WHEN COMPUTING THEIR BASE SUPPORT LEVEL AND BASE REVENUE CONTROL LIMIT BEFORE UNIFICATION, THE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY CONTINUE TO USE THE SMALL SCHOOL DISTRICT WEIGHT AS FOLLOWS:
- 1. ANNUALLY DETERMINE THE COMMON SCHOOL STUDENT COUNT AND THE WEIGHTED STUDENT COUNT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-943, PARAGRAPH 1, SUBDIVISION (a) FOR EACH COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICT BEFORE UNIFICATION.
- 2. CALCULATE THE SUM OF THE COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICTS' STUDENT COUNTS AND WEIGHTED STUDENT COUNTS DETERMINED IN PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 3. DIVIDE THE SUM OF THE WEIGHTED STUDENT COUNTS BY THE SUM OF THE STUDENT COUNTS DETERMINED IN PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 4. THE AMOUNT DETERMINED IN PARAGRAPH 3 OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE THE WEIGHT FOR THE COMMON SCHOOLS IN THE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- P. A UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY CALCULATE ITS REVENUE CONTROL LIMIT AND DISTRICT SUPPORT LEVEL BY USING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION O OF THIS SECTION AS FOLLOWS:
- 1. DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT EXISTED BEFORE UNIFICATION INTO A SINGLE SCHOOL DISTRICT.
- 2. MULTIPLY THE AMOUNT DETERMINED IN PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SUBSECTION BY SIX HUNDRED.
- 3. MULTIPLY THE AMOUNT DETERMINED IN PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SUBSECTION BY 0.80.

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- 4. IF THE AMOUNT DETERMINED IN PARAGRAPH 3 OF THIS SUBSECTION EXCEEDS THE STUDENT COUNT OF THE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, THE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT IS ELIGIBLE TO USE THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION O OF THIS SECTION.
- Q. THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTIONS O AND P OF THIS SECTION SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT UNTIL THE AGGREGATE STUDENT COUNT OF THE COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICTS BEFORE UNIFICATION EXCEEDS THE AGGREGATE NUMBER OF STUDENTS OF THE COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICTS BEFORE UNIFICATION AUTHORIZED TO UTILIZE THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 15-943, PARAGRAPH 1, SUBDIVISION (a).
 - Sec. 2. Section 15-459, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-459. Consolidation of districts: petition: election: notice: report; ballots: canvass of votes: governing board

A. On the request of the governing boards of two or more school districts in the same county or in adjacent counties or on receipt of petitions bearing the signatures of ten per cent or more of the number of qualified electors who voted in whichever of the last two general elections resulted in the higher number of ballots cast and who reside in each of two or more school districts in the same county or in adjacent counties to consolidate the school districts or parts of the districts, the county school superintendent of each of the counties affected shall within ten days call an election to determine the question on consolidation.

- B. Consolidations allowed pursuant to subsection A of this section include:
- 1. To change the boundaries of a school district to include any part of an adjacent school district.
- 2. If all the common school districts within the boundaries of an existing union high school district desire to consolidate into one common school district.
- 3. If two or more adjacent school districts of like character, either common, high or unified school districts, desire to consolidate into one common, high or unified school district.
- 4. If a common school district that is not a part of a union high school district desires to consolidate with an adjacent unified school district.
- 5. If two or more common school districts desire to consolidate into one school district and unify the consolidated district with a union high school district to form one unified school district.
- C. Notice of the election to determine consolidation of school districts shall be posted in not less than three public places in each of the school districts proposed to be consolidated at least twenty-five days before the election.
- D. The county school superintendent shall prepare and the governing board shall distribute a report on the proposed boundary changes in a manner similar to that prescribed in section 15-481, subsection B. The report shall contain the following information:
 - 1. The date of the election.

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- 2. The polling places and times they are open.
- 3. A consolidation plan to include:
- (a) The proposed boundary changes.
- (b) The impact of the proposed boundary changes, including where pupils will attend school, changes in pupil transportation services, changes in availability of special education services, changes in pupil-teacher ratio and operational costs.
- (c) If the provisions of subsection P of this section apply to one or more of the existing school districts, a detailed description of desegregation funding and expenses for the resulting school district as set forth in subsection P of this section.
- (d) Any other information the county school superintendent deems appropriate to include.
- E. Ballots shall be prepared by the county school superintendent, shall be delivered to the inspector at least forty-eight hours before the opening of the polls as prescribed in section 16-509 and shall contain: "Consolidation includes the assumption of liability by the resulting school district for all indebtedness of existing school districts or those parts of school districts proposed for consolidation. Do you support consolidation under the specified provisions of the consolidation plan? Yes () No ()." If the election is to simultaneously consolidate and unify two or more common school districts, the ballot shall contain: "Do you support the consolidation of the (insert names of common school districts) and the subsequent unification of the consolidated districts with the (insert name of union high school district) to form one unified school district under the consolidation and unification plan? Yes () No ()."
- F. The county school superintendent shall hold the election during the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year consolidation is proposed to be effective on a date prescribed by section 16-204. The election shall be held in the manner and electors shall possess qualifications as prescribed for the election of governing board members. The results of the election shall be reported to the county school superintendent.
- G. The county school superintendent and the chairman of the board of supervisors shall, on the seventh day after the election, canvass the vote. If a majority of the votes cast in each district favors consolidation, the districts are consolidated and become one district from and after June 30 next following the election. If parts of two or more school districts are proposed to be consolidated, a majority of the voters in the part of a school district or districts not affected by the proposed consolidation and a majority of the voters in the part of the school district or districts proposed for consolidation must approve the consolidation.
- H. If a school district provides only financing for pupils who are instructed by another school district in the same county or in an adjacent county, the school district or any part of the school district may be

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consolidated with the school district providing the instructional program as follows:

- 1. The governing board of the financing school district approves the consolidation or ten per cent of the qualified electors residing in the school district, or that part of the school district proposed for consolidation, petitions the county school superintendent to call an election to approve the proposed consolidation.
- 2. The governing board of the school district providing instruction approves the consolidation.
- 3. At an election called by the county school superintendent of each of the counties affected, a majority of the persons voting in the school district, or that part of the school district providing financing, approves the proposed consolidation and a majority of the persons voting in the district providing instruction approves the proposed consolidation.
- I. Elections held as provided in subsection H of this section shall be conducted in the same manner as elections prescribed in subsections C through G of this section and shall be held concurrently as prescribed in section 15-458.
- J. If the consolidated district includes territory located in two or more counties, the county of jurisdiction is the county in which the largest number of qualified electors of the consolidated school district resides, except that if all of the existing school buildings are in one county, that county is the county of jurisdiction. The county school superintendent of the jurisdictional county shall perform all duties for and with respect to the consolidated school district as required to be performed by county school superintendents. The board of supervisors of the jurisdictional county shall perform all duties for and with respect to the consolidated school district as required to be performed by boards of supervisors, except that school district taxes to be levied on property in the portion of the consolidated school district lying in another county shall be levied by the board of supervisors of the other county or counties and on receipt shall be transferred to the county of jurisdiction. All school buildings located within the consolidated school district, together with all equipment and furnishings, become the property of the consolidated school district. Any assumed indebtedness is an indebtedness of the consolidated school district for the purpose of determining the debt incurring authority of the consolidated school district.
- K. Sections 15-457, 15-975 and 15-997 apply to school districts which are consolidated as provided in subsection H of this section.
- L. Consolidation pursuant to this section is not allowed if the resulting school district would have a student count for the current year of more than ten per cent of the total student count of all school districts in this state.
- M. The governing board shall prepare policies, curricula and budgets for the new school district. These policies shall require that:

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- 1. The base salary and benefits of each employee for the first year of operation of the new school district shall not be lower than the employee's base salary and benefits for the prior year in the previously existing school district.
- 2. The employee's years of employment in the previously existing school district shall be included in determining the employee's years of employment in the new school district. An employee who was entitled to continuing employment contract status in the previously existing school district is entitled to continuing employment contract status in the new school district.
- 3. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection and pursuant to section 15-544, nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the ability of the governing board to implement a reduction in force or to scale back salaries of certified teachers, administrators or noncertificated employees for reasons of economy or to improve the efficient conduct of schools within the district following a school district consolidation.
- N. If all of the districts to be consolidated have authorization for an override as provided in section 15-481 that would have continued after the consolidation, the override authorization continues for the new district and expires at the time that the earliest override would have expired.
- O. IF ONE OR MORE, BUT NOT ALL, OF THE DISTRICTS TO BE CONSOLIDATED HAVE AUTHORIZATION FOR AN OVERRIDE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 15-481 THAT WOULD HAVE CONTINUED AFTER THE CONSOLIDATION, THE OVERRIDE AUTHORIZATION SHALL ONLY APPLY TO THE SCHOOLS INCLUDED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE PRIOR OVERRIDE AUTHORIZATION. CONSOLIDATION OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS DOES NOT CONSOLIDATE OR POOL THE LIABILITY TO BE TAXED FOR THE OVERRIDE AND ONLY PROPERTY THAT WAS LOCATED WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE DISTRICT THAT APPROVED THE OVERRIDE PRIOR TO CONSOLIDATION ARE TO PAY TAXES TO SUPPORT THE OVERRIDE. THIS SUBSECTION ALSO APPLIES IF ALL OF THE DISTRICTS TO BE CONSOLIDATED HAVE AUTHORIZATION FOR OVERRIDES, BUT THE AUTHORIZATIONS ARE PURSUANT TO DIFFERENT SUBSECTIONS OF SECTION 15-481 OR THE OVERRIDE AMOUNTS ARE NOT THE SAME PERCENTAGE OF THE REVENUE CONTROL LIMIT.
- OT P. Notwithstanding section 15-457, consolidation of school districts does not consolidate or pool the liability of the former school districts into the resulting school district. Outstanding indebtedness incurred by a school district before consolidation shall be repaid without interruption according to existing debt schedules as determined by the county board of supervisors. If A SCHOOL DISTRICT CONSOLIDATES AFTER JULY 1, 2004, THE NEW SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY PAY TUITION TO THE DISTRICT OF ATTENDANCE WHEN A PUPIL IS PRECLUDED BY DISTANCE OR LACK OF TRANSPORTATION FROM ATTENDING SCHOOL IN THE DISTRICT OF A PUPIL'S RESIDENCE.
- P. Q. If one or more of the previously existing school districts was authorized to budget for expenses of complying with or continuing to implement activities that were required or permitted by court order of desegregation or administrative agreement with the United States department

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of education office for civil rights directed toward remediating alleged or proven racial discrimination pursuant to section 15-910, this authorization does not expire on the effective date of consolidation but only applies to schools included in the court order or administrative agreement.

- Q. R. If one or more of the previously existing school districts was participating in a career ladder program pursuant to chapter 9, article 1.1 of this title before consolidation, notwithstanding any other law the state board shall expedite the processing of and may approve an updated application for program reapproval that incorporates the geographic boundaries of the resulting school district and the inclusion of the additional staff in the career ladder program.
- R: S. If the formation of a new consolidated and unified school district is authorized, the terms of the governing board members of the common and union high school districts do not expire on the effective date of the unification. The governing board members of the previously existing school districts shall serve as provided in section 15-430, except that the power of the governing board members of the previously existing school districts acting as the governing board of the unified school district is limited to the maintenance and operation of the previously existing school districts and compliance with the consolidation and unification plan.
 - Sec. 3. Section 15-491, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-491. <u>Elections on school property; exceptions</u>
- A. The governing board of a school district may, and upon petition of fifteen per cent of the school electors as shown by the poll list at the last preceding annual school election shall, call an election for the following purposes:
 - 1. To locate or change the location of school buildings.
- 2. To purchase or sell school sites or buildings or sell school sites pursuant to section 15-342 or to build school buildings, but the authorization by vote of the school district shall not necessarily specify the site to be purchased.
- 3. To decide whether the bonds of the school district shall be issued and sold for the purpose of raising money for purchasing or leasing school lots, for building or renovating school buildings, for improving school grounds, for purchasing pupil transportation vehicles or for liquidating any indebtedness already incurred for such purposes. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 15-1021, SUBSECTION H, the proceeds of class B bonds or impact aid revenue bonds shall not be used for soft capital purposes except for pupil transportation vehicles. A school district shall not issue class B bonds until the school district has obligated in contract the entire proceeds of any class A bonds issued by the school district. The total amount of class A and class B bonds issued by a school district shall not exceed the debt limitations prescribed in article IX, sections 8 and 8.1, Constitution of Arizona.

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- 4. To lease for five or more years, as lessor or as lessee, school buildings or grounds. Approval by a majority of the school district electors voting authorizes the governing board to negotiate for and enter into a lease. The ballot shall list the school buildings or grounds for which a lease is sought. If the governing board does not enter into a lease of five or more years of the school buildings or grounds listed on the ballot within five years of the date of the election and the board continues to seek such a lease, the governing board shall call a special election to reauthorize the board to negotiate for and to enter into a lease of five or more years.
- B. No petition shall be required for the holding of the first election to be held in a joint common school district for any of the purposes specified in subsection A of this section. The notice of election required by section 15-492 shall be published in each of the counties which comprise the joint common school district. The certification of election results required by section 15-493 shall be made to the board of supervisors of the jurisdictional county.
- C. When the election is called to determine whether or not bonds of the school district shall be issued and sold for the purposes enumerated in the call for the election, the question shall be submitted to the vote of the qualified electors of the school district as defined in section 15-401 and subject to the provisions of section 15-402.
- D. The governing board shall order the election to be held in the manner prescribed in title 35, chapter 3, article 3. If a petition for an election has been filed with the governing board as provided in subsection A of this section, the board shall act upon the petition within sixty days by ordering the election to be held as provided in this subsection. If a school district bond election is scheduled for the same date a school district will hold an override election, the governing body shall deliver a copy of the notice of election and ballot to the county school superintendent who shall include the notice of election and ballot with the information report and ballot prepared for the override election. Mailing of the information required for both the override and bond elections shall constitute compliance with the notice provisions of this section.
- E. The elections to be held pursuant to this section shall only be held on dates prescribed by section 16-204, except that elections held pursuant to this section to decide whether class B bonds shall be issued shall only be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November.
- F. Subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section does not apply to the sale of school property if the market value of the school property is less than fifty thousand dollars.
- G. Bond counsel fees, financial advisory fees, printing costs and paying agent and registrar fees for bonds issued pursuant to an election under this section shall be paid from either the amount authorized by the qualified electors of the school district or current operating funds. Bond election expenses shall be paid from current operating funds only.

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- H. For any election conducted to decide whether class B bonds will be issued pursuant to this section:
- 1. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SUBSECTION, the ballot shall include the following statement:

The capital improvements that are proposed to be funded through this bond issuance are to exceed the state standards and are in addition to monies provided by the state.

		school d	istrict	is pr	oposing	to is	ssue cl	ass B
general ob	ligation	bonds	totalin	g \$		to f	und ca	pital
improvemen	ts over a	nd above	e those	funde	d by the	state	e. Unde	r the
students f	irst capi	tal fund	ding sy	stem,		_ sch	ool dis	trict
is entitl	ed to	state	monies	for	buildin	g re	newal,	new
constructi	on and r	enovati	on of s	chool	buildin	gs in	accor	dance
with state	law.							

- 2. FOR A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS A JOINT TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION DISTRICT, THE BALLOT SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:
 - PROPOSING TO ISSUE CLASS B GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS TOTALING TO FUND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AT THE MAIN CAMPUS OF THE JOINT TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION DISTRICT.
- 2. 3. The ballot shall contain the words "bond approval, yes" and "bond approval, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired choice.
- 3. 4. At least eighty-five days before the election, a THE school district shall submit proposed ballot language to the director of the Arizona legislative council. The director of the Arizona legislative council shall review the proposed ballot language to determine whether the proposed ballot language complies with this section. If the director of the Arizona legislative council determines that the proposed ballot language does not comply with this section, the director, within ten calendar days of the receipt of the proposed ballot language, shall notify the school district of the director's objections and the school district shall resubmit revised ballot language to the director for approval.
- 4. 5. No later than ten days before a class B bond election conducted pursuant to this section, a—THE school district shall mail to each qualified elector in the school district a publicity pamphlet. The publicity pamphlet shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
- (a) An executive summary of the school district's most recent capital plan submitted to the school facilities board.
- (b) A complete list of each proposed capital improvement that will be funded with the proceeds of the bonds and a description of the proposed cost of each improvement, including a separate aggregation of capital improvements for administrative purposes as defined by the school facilities board.
- (c) The tax rate associated with each of the proposed capital improvements and the estimated cost of each capital improvement for the owner of a single family home that is valued at one hundred thousand dollars.

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- I. For any election conducted to decide whether impact aid revenue bonds shall be issued pursuant to this section:
 - 1. The ballot shall include the following statement:

The capital improvements that are proposed to be funded through this bond issuance are to exceed the state standards and are in addition to monies provided by the state.

school district is p	roposing to	issue impact
aid revenue bonds totaling \$	to	fund capital
improvements over and above those fun	ded by the	state. Under
the students first capital funding	system,	school
district is entitled to state monies i	for building	; renewal, new
construction and renovation of school	buildings	in accordance
with state law.		

- 2. The ballot shall contain the words "bond approval, yes" and "bond approval, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired choice.
- 3. At least eighty-five days before the election, a THE school district shall submit proposed ballot language to the director of the legislative council. The director of the legislative council shall review the proposed ballot language to determine whether the proposed ballot language complies with this section. If the director of the legislative council determines that the proposed ballot language does not comply with this section, the director, within ten calendar days of the receipt of the proposed ballot language, shall notify the school district of the director's objections and the school district shall resubmit revised ballot language to the director for approval.
- 4. No later than ten days before an impact aid revenue bond election conducted pursuant to this section, a—THE school district shall mail to each qualified elector in the school district a publicity pamphlet. The publicity pamphlet shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
- (a) An executive summary of the school district's most recent capital plan submitted to the school facilities board.
- (b) A complete list of each proposed capital improvement that will be funded with the proceeds of the bonds and a description of the proposed cost of each improvement, including a separate aggregation of capital improvements for administrative purposes as defined by the school facilities board.
- (c) A statement that impact aid revenue bonds will be fully funded by aid that the school district receives from the federal government and do not require a levy of taxes in the district.
- (d) A statement that if the bonds are approved the first priority for the impact aid will be to pay the debt service for the bonds and that other uses of the monies are prohibited until the debt service obligation is met.
- (e) A statement that if the impact aid revenue bonds are approved, the school district shall not issue or sell class B bonds while the district has existing indebtedness from impact aid revenue bonds, except for bonds issued to refund any bonds issued by the board.

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- J. If the voters approve the issuance of school district class B bonds or impact aid revenue bonds, the school district shall not use the bond proceeds for any purposes other than the proposed capital improvements listed in the publicity pamphlet, except that up to ten per cent of the bond proceeds may be used for general capital expenses, including cost overruns of proposed capital improvements.
- K. Each school district that issues bonds under this section is required to hold a public meeting each year between September 1 and October 31, until the bond proceeds are spent, at which an update of the progress of capital improvements financed through bonding is discussed and at which the public is permitted an opportunity to comment. At a minimum, the update shall include a comparison of the current status and the original projections on the construction of capital improvements, the costs of capital improvements and the costs of capital improvements in progress or completed since the prior meeting and the future capital bonding plans of the school district. The school district shall include in the public meeting a discussion of the school district's use of state capital aid and voter-approved capital overrides in funding capital improvements, if any.
- Sec. 4. Section 15-943.04, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

15-943.04. English learner classroom personnel bonus fund: payment of English language classroom personnel bonuses

The English learner classroom personnel bonus fund is established consisting of monies appropriated for this purpose. The department of education shall administer the fund. Monies in the fund are continuously APPLICATIONS FROM SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR MONIES FROM THE FUND SHALL BE SUBMITTED BY FEBRUARY 28 OF EACH YEAR. department of education shall distribute monies in the fund to school districts and charter schools in the amount of EQUAL AMOUNTS NOT TO EXCEED two hundred fifty dollars for every English learner, as defined in section 15–751, who was instructed in an English learner program in the past academic year, who achieved English proficiency and who exited the English learner program. School districts and charter schools shall use the monies distributed pursuant to this section to pay bonuses directly to classroom personnel, excluding principals and administrators, who are involved in English learner programs. A school district or charter school shall not receive more than one distribution from the English learner classroom personnel bonus fund for the same pupil.

Sec. 5. Section 15-949, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-949. Small school districts; exemption from general budget limit; budget revision

A. The governing board of a common school district with a student count in kindergarten programs and grades one through eight of one hundred twenty-five or less, the governing board of a high school district with a

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student count of one hundred or less or the governing board of a unified school district or the county school superintendent for an accommodation school with a student count of one hundred twenty-five or less in kindergarten programs and grades one through eight or with a student count of one hundred or less in grades nine through twelve shall compute a revenue control limit and a general budget limit, but the governing board or the county school superintendent may:

- 1. Adopt a budget in excess of the general budget limit without the necessity of an election under section 15-481, provided that for a unified school district or for an accommodation school the excess amount of expenditures shall be attributable to the student count in kindergarten programs and grades one through eight or to the student count in grades nine through twelve as provided in this subsection.
- . 2. Revise its budget to include the costs for additional pupils who were not anticipated when the budget was adopted, if it receives permission as follows:
 - (a) If a governing board:
- (i) The governing board shall send a petition to the county school superintendent requesting authority to revise its budget. The petition shall include a copy of the proposed budget.
- (ii) The county school superintendent shall recommend the action to be taken on the petition and forward the recommendation and the petition to the board of supervisors.
- (iii) The board of supervisors shall hold a hearing on the petition within twenty days after receipt of the petition and shall determine whether to allow the petition, allow the petition after revision or deny the petition.
- (b) If a county school superintendent, the county school superintendent shall send the revised budget to the board of supervisors, and the board of supervisors shall hold a hearing on the recommendation within twenty days after receipt of the recommendation and shall determine whether to allow the revised budget, allow the revised budget after further revision or deny the revision.
- B. If the board of supervisors revises or denies the petition or recommendation presented pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 2, subdivision (a), item (iii) or subdivision (b) of this section the reasons for revision or denial shall be stated in writing.
- C. School districts that in any year after fiscal year 1984-1985 but before fiscal year 1999-2000 have operated under the provisions of the small school adjustment as provided for in subsection A of this section and that have subsequently exceeded the student count limits expressed in subsection A of this section may continue in successive years to adopt a budget greater than the general budget limit without the necessity of an election under section 15-481, except that the amount greater than the general budget limit shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars. The amount that is adopted without

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the use of an election under section 15-481 and that is greater than the general budget limit is specifically exempt from the revenue control limit.

- D. School districts that in any year after fiscal year 1998-1999 have operated under the provisions of the small school adjustment as provided in subsection A of this section and that have subsequently exceeded the student count limits prescribed in subsection A of this section may continue in successive years to adopt a budget greater than the general budget limit subject to an election, except that the amount that is greater than the general budget limit shall not exceed the amount that is prescribed in this subsection. The amount that is adopted pursuant to this subsection is specifically exempt from the revenue control limit and shall be funded by a levy on secondary property taxes in the school district. The maximum amount that may be adopted pursuant to this subsection is computed as follows:
- 1. For a unified school district, separate the revenue control limit into elementary and secondary components based on the weighted student count as provided in section 15-971, subsection B, paragraph 2, subdivision (a). Use the elementary component of the revenue control limit for the purposes of paragraph 2 of this subsection and the secondary component of the revenue control limit for the purposes of paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- 2. For a common or unified district that used the provisions of subsection A of this section based on its elementary student count, the amount is determined as follows:
- (a) Subtract one hundred twenty-five from the elementary student count.
- (b) Multiply the difference in subdivision (a) of this paragraph by 0.45 per cent.
- (c) Subtract the product determined in subdivision (b) of this paragraph from thirty-five per cent. If the result is zero or less than zero, the district is not eligible to use the provisions of this paragraph.
- (d) Multiply the difference determined in subdivision (c) of this paragraph by the elementary revenue control limit.
- 3. For a high school or unified district that used the provisions of subsection A of this section based on its secondary student count, the amount is determined as follows:
 - (a) Subtract one hundred from the secondary student count.
- (b) Multiply the difference in subdivision (a) of this paragraph by 0.65 per cent.
- (c) Subtract the product determined in subdivision (b) of this paragraph from sixty-five per cent. If the result is zero or less than zero, the district is not eligible to use the provisions of this paragraph.
- (d) Multiply the difference determined in subdivision (c) of this paragraph by the secondary revenue control limit.
- 4. For a unified school district that used the provisions of subsection A of this section for both its elementary and secondary pupils, combine the amounts determined in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this subsection.

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- E. For the purposes of subsection D of this section:
- 1. "Elementary" means kindergarten programs and grades one through eight.
 - 2. "Secondary" means grades nine through twelve.
- F. The part of the primary tax rate set to fund the small school district adjustment as provided in subsection D of this section shall not be included in the computation of additional state aid for education as prescribed in section 15-972.
- G. The election required pursuant to subsection D of this section shall conform to the procedural requirements for calling the election, preparing the informational report and preparing the ballot as prescribed in section 15-481, subsections A, B, C and D. The maximum number of years that a budget override approved pursuant to subsection D of this section may be in effect is five years.
- H. If the proposed budget override will be fully funded by a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district, the ballot shall contain the words "budget override, yes" and "budget override, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired choice. The ballot shall also contain the amount of the proposed budget override compared to the amount the school district budgeted in the preceding year and the amount the school district would be allowed to budget for if the measure is not approved by the voters. The statement will also include the estimated amount of the override for each year the override is sought. The ballot shall also include the following statement:

The budget override authorized by this election allows the ___ district to levy property taxes in excess of the property tax levy allowed by law to fund the school district's revenue control limit. The property tax levy for the year for which adopted and for ____ subsequent years, will be annually adjusted based on a formula that authorizes the _ district to exceed the revenue control limit by thirty-five per cent for kindergarten programs and grades one through eight or up to sixty-five per cent for grades nine through twelve. The levy shall not be realized from monies furnished by the state and shall not be subject to the limitation on taxes specified in article IX, section 18, Constitution of Arizona. Based on an estimate of assessed valuation used for secondary property tax purposes, the proposed _____ district's budget over that override in the ___ allowed by the revenue control limit would result in an estimated increase in the school district's tax rate of ___ dollars per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation for the secondary property tax purposes.

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43 44 I. If the budget override will be fully funded by revenues from other than a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district, the ballot shall contain the words "budget override, yes" and "budget override, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired choice. The ballot shall also contain the amount of the proposed budget override compared to the amount the school district budgeted in the preceding year and the amount the school district would be allowed to budget for if the measure is not approved by the voters. The statement shall also include the estimated amount of the override for each year the override is sought. The ballot shall also include the following statement:

Any budget override authorized by this election shall be entirely funded by this school district with revenues from other than a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district for the year for which adopted and for _____ subsequent years and shall not be realized from monies furnished by the state.

J. FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBSECTIONS H AND I OF THIS SECTION, LEVY OF TAXES ON THE TAXABLE PROPERTY DOES NOT INCLUDE A LEVY OF THE GOVERNMENT PROPERTY LEASE OR PARK PROPERTY LEASE EXCISE TAXES ASSESSED PURSUANT TO TITLE 42. CHAPTER 6. ARTICLE 5.

Sec. 6. Section 15-977, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-977. Classroom site fund: definitions

The classroom site fund is established consisting of monies transferred to the fund pursuant to section 37-521, subsection B and section 42-5029, subsection E, paragraph 10. The department of education shall administer the fund. School districts and charter schools may not supplant existing school site funding with revenues from the fund. All monies distributed from the fund are intended for use at the school site. Each school district or charter school shall allocate forty per cent of the monies for teacher compensation increases based on performance and employment related expenses, twenty per cent of the monies for teacher base salary increases and employment related expenses and forty per cent of the monies for maintenance and operation purposes as prescribed in subsection C of this section. Teacher compensation increases based on performance or teacher base salary increases distributed pursuant to this subsection shall supplement, and not supplant, teacher compensation monies from any other sources. The school district or charter school shall notify each school principal of the amount available to the school by April 15. The district or charter school shall request from the school's principal each school's priority for the allocation of the funds available to the school for each program listed under subsection C of this section. The amount budgeted by the school district or charter school pursuant to this section shall not be included in the allowable budget balance carryforward calculated pursuant to section 15-943.01.

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- B. Monies in the fund are continuously appropriated, are exempt from the provisions of section 35-190 relating to lapsing of appropriations and shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. By March 30 of each year the staff of the joint legislative budget committee shall determine a per pupil amount from the fund for the budget year using the estimated statewide weighted count for the current year pursuant to section 15-943, paragraph 2, subdivision (a) and based on estimated available resources in the classroom site fund for the budget year.
- 2. The allocation to each charter school and school district for a fiscal year shall equal the per pupil amount established in paragraph 1 of this subsection for the fiscal year multiplied by the weighted student count for the school district or charter school for the fiscal year pursuant to section 15-943, paragraph 2, subdivision (a). For the purposes of this paragraph, the weighted student count for a school district that serves as the district of attendance for nonresident pupils shall be increased to include nonresident pupils who attend school in the school district.
- C. Monies distributed from the classroom site fund shall be spent for the following maintenance and operation purposes:
 - 1. Class size reduction.
 - 2. Teacher compensation increases.
 - 3. AIMS intervention programs.
 - 4. Teacher development.
 - 5. Dropout prevention programs.
 - 6. Teacher liability insurance premiums.
- D. The district governing board or charter school shall allocate the classroom site fund monies to include, wherever possible, the priorities identified by the principals of the schools while assuring that the funds maximize classroom opportunities and conform to the authorized expenditures identified in subsection A of this section.
- E. School districts and charter schools that receive monies from the classroom site fund shall submit a report by November 15 of each year to the superintendent of public instruction on a per school basis that provides an accounting of the expenditures of monies distributed from the fund during the previous fiscal year and a summary of the results of district and school programs funded with monies distributed from the fund. The department of education in conjunction with the auditor general shall prescribe the format of the report under this subsection.
- F. School districts and charter schools that receive monies from the classroom site fund shall receive these monies monthly in an amount not to exceed one-twelfth of the monies estimated pursuant to subsection B of this section, except that if there are insufficient monies in the fund that month to make payments, the distribution for that month shall be prorated for each school district or charter school. The department of education may make an additional payment in the current month for any prior month or months in which school districts or charter schools received a prorated payment if

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 there are sufficient monies in the fund that month for the additional payments. The state is not required to make payments to a school district or charter school classroom site fund if the state classroom site fund revenue collections are insufficient to meet the estimated allocations to school districts and charter schools pursuant to subsection B of this section.

- G. The Arizona state schools for the deaf and the blind and The state education system for committed youth shall receive monies from the classroom site fund in the same manner as school districts and charter schools. THE ARIZONA STATE SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND SHALL RECEIVE MONIES FROM THE CLASSROOM SITE FUND IN AN AMOUNT THAT CORRESPONDS TO THE WEIGHTED STUDENT COUNT FOR THE CURRENT YEAR PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-943, PARAGRAPH 2, SUBDIVISION (b) FOR EACH PUPIL ENROLLED IN THE ARIZONA STATE SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, the Arizona state schools for the deaf and the blind and the state education system for committed youth are subject to this section in the same manner as school districts and charter schools.
- H. Each school district and charter school, INCLUDING SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT UNIFY PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-448 OR CONSOLIDATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 15-459, shall establish a local level classroom site fund to receive allocations from the state level classroom site fund. The local level classroom site fund shall be a budgetary controlled account. Interest charges for any registered warrants for the local level classroom site fund. Interest earned on monies in the local level classroom site fund shall be added to the local level classroom site fund shall be added to the local level classroom site fund shall be added to the local level classroom site fund shall be added to the local level classroom site fund that are in addition to monies transferred to the state level classroom site fund pursuant to section 37-521, subsection B and section 42-5029, subsection E, paragraph 10.
- I. Monies distributed from the classroom site fund for class size reduction, AIMS intervention and dropout prevention programs shall only be used for instructional purposes in the instruction function as defined in the uniform system of financial records except that monies shall not be used for school sponsored athletics.
 - J. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "AIMS intervention" means summer programs, after school programs, before school programs or tutoring programs that are specifically designed to ensure that pupils meet the Arizona academic standards as measured by the Arizona instrument to measure standards test prescribed by section 15-741.
- 2. "Class size reduction" means any maintenance and operations expenditure that is designed to reduce the ratio of pupils to classroom teachers, including the use of persons who serve as aides to classroom teachers.

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 Sec. 7. Section 15-980, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by senate bill 1405, section 5, forth-sixth legislature, second regular session and as transmitted to the governor, is amended to read:

15-980. Uncollected property tax; supplemental state aid

- A. If a county treasurer certifies to a school district as of AFTER January 1 that, in the treasurer's reasonable belief, more than thirty TWENTY per cent of the primary property tax revenues that the school district is entitled by law to receive pursuant to section 42-18052 will not be remitted to the district due to property tax delinquencies, the district is eligible for supplemental state aid pursuant to this section.
- B. On receiving a certificate pursuant to subsection A of this section, the school district may apply to the department of education for supplemental state aid. The application shall include the county treasurer's certified estimate of the total amount of uncollected primary property taxes for the school district for the tax year payable in the current fiscal year.
- C. Within forty-five days after receiving a complete and correct application, the state board of education shall pay to the school district from amounts appropriated for state aid the amount determined in subsection B of this section. The department of education shall notify the county treasurer and the county school superintendent of the amount and the date of the payment of the supplemental state aid. Supplemental state aid paid under this section shall be excluded from the calculation made pursuant to section 15-973, subsection C.
- D. The superintendent of a school district that receives supplemental state aid shall report to the department of education between May 5 and May 25 the actual amount of primary property taxes that were not collected and remitted to the district during the current fiscal year, based on information from the county treasurer. If the amount of supplemental state aid paid pursuant to subsection C of this section exceeds the actual amount of the uncollected primary property taxes that the district is entitled to receive, the state board of education shall deduct the difference between the amount of supplemental state aid paid and the amount of the uncollected primary property taxes from the June 15 and, if necessary, subsequent apportionments of state aid pursuant to section 15-973, subsection 8.
- E. Beginning on June 1 after the payment of supplemental state aid, the county school superintendent shall report quarterly to the department of education the amount of any payments of delinquent primary property taxes received by the district during the previous quarter with respect to a tax year for which the supplemental state aid was paid AND NOT PREVIOUSLY DEDUCTED FROM STATE AID PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION. The department shall deduct the amount reported from the next apportionment of state aid to the district pursuant to section 15-973, subsection B UNTIL THE SUPPLEMENTAL STATE AID IS REPAID. If the district does not receive any apportionment pursuant to section 15-973, subsection B, the department shall

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direct the school district superintendent to pay that amount to the state treasurer for deposit in the state general fund.

Sec. 8. Section 15-1021, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 15-1021. Limitation on bonded indebtedness; limitation on authorization and issuance of bonds

- A. Until December 31, 1999, a school district may issue class A bonds for the purposes specified in this section and chapter 4, article 5 of this title to an amount in the aggregate, including the existing indebtedness, not exceeding fifteen per cent of the taxable property used for secondary property tax purposes, as determined pursuant to title 42, chapter 15, article 1, within a school district as ascertained by the last property tax assessment previous to issuing the bonds.
- B. From and after December 31, 1998, a school district may issue class B bonds for the purposes specified in this section and chapter 4, article 5 of this title to an amount in the aggregate, including the existing class B indebtedness, not exceeding five per cent of the taxable property used for secondary property tax purposes, as determined pursuant to title 42, chapter 15, article 1, within a school district as ascertained by the last assessment of state and county taxes previous to issuing the bonds, or one thousand five hundred dollars per student count as determined pursuant to section 15-902, whichever amount is greater. A school district shall not issue class B bonds until the proceeds of any class A bonds issued by the school district have been obligated in contract. The total amount of class A and class B bonds issued by a school district shall not exceed the debt limitations prescribed in article IX, section 8, Constitution of Arizona.
- C. Until December 31, 1999, a unified school district, as defined under article IX, section 8.1, Constitution of Arizona, may issue class A bonds for the purposes specified in this section and chapter 4, article 5 of this title to an amount in the aggregate, including the existing indebtedness, not exceeding thirty per cent of the taxable property used for secondary property tax purposes, as determined pursuant to title 42, chapter 15, article 1, within a unified school district as ascertained by the last property tax assessment previous to issuing the bonds.
- D. From and after December 31, 1998, a unified school district, as defined under article IX, section 8.1, Constitution of Arizona, may issue class B bonds for the purposes specified in this section and chapter 4, article 5 of this title to an amount in the aggregate, including the existing class B indebtedness, not exceeding ten per cent of the taxable property used for secondary tax purposes, as determined pursuant to title 42, chapter 15, article 1, within a school district as ascertained by the last assessment of state and county taxes previous to issuing the bonds, or one thousand five hundred dollars per student count as determined pursuant to section 15-902, whichever amount is greater. A unified school district shall not issue class B bonds until the proceeds of any class A bonds issued by the unified school district have been obligated in contract. The total amount of class A and

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 class B bonds issued by a unified school district shall not exceed the debt limitations prescribed in article IX, section 8.1, Constitution of Arizona.

- E. No bonds authorized to be issued by an election held after July 1, 1980 may be issued more than six years after the date of the election, except that class A bonds shall not be issued after December 31, 1999.
- F. Class A bond proceeds shall not be expended for items whose useful life is less than the average life of the bonds issued, except that bond proceeds shall not be expended for items whose useful life is less than five years.
- G. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION H OF THIS SECTION, class B bond proceeds shall not be expended for soft capital items, computer hardware, or other items whose useful life is less than the average useful life of the bonds issued, except that bond proceeds shall not be expended for items whose useful life is less than five years. For the purposes of this subsection, "computer hardware" means an electronic device with an integrated circuit that performs logic, arithmetic or memory functions by the manipulations of electronic or magnetic impulses and includes all input, output, processing, storage, software or communication facilities that are connected or related to such a device in a system or network.
- H. CLASS B BOND PROCEEDS FOR A NEW FACILITY AT THE MAIN CAMPUS OF A JOINT TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION DISTRICT MAY BE EXPENDED FOR SOFT CAPITAL ITEMS, COMPUTER HARDWARE, FURNITURE OR OTHER EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT THAT NO BONDS MAY BE ISSUED FOR THESE PURPOSES FOR A DURATION OF MORE THAN FIVE YEARS. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF BONDS THAT A JOINT TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION DISTRICT MAY ISSUE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED THIRTY PER CENT OF THE COST OF THE NEW SCHOOL FACILITY, INCLUDING MONIES RECEIVED FOR THE NEW SCHOOL FACILITY PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
- ${\it H.}$ I. Notwithstanding subsections F and G of this section, bond proceeds may be expended for purchasing pupil transportation vehicles.
- I. J. A school district shall not authorize, issue or sell bonds pursuant to this section if the school district has any existing indebtedness from impact aid revenue bonds pursuant to chapter 16, article 8 of this title, except for bonds issued to refund any bonds issued by the governing board.
- Sec. 9. Title 42, chapter 6, article 5, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 42-6210, to read:

42-6210. Park property lease excise tax

- A. A COUNTY SHALL LEVY AND COLLECT AN ANNUAL EXCISE TAX ON EACH PRIME LESSEE OF A LEASE WITH THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR OF A PROPERTY IMPROVEMENT LOCATED IN THE COUNTY.
- B. THE TAX PRESCRIBED BY THIS SECTION SHALL BE ASSESSED, COLLECTED AND DISTRIBUTED IN THE SAME MANNER AS PRESCRIBED IN THIS ARTICLE FOR THE GOVERNMENT PROPERTY LEASE EXCISE TAX, EXCEPT THAT:
- 1. SECTION 42-6206 DOES NOT APPLY TO A LEASE WITH THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE.

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 2. THE TAX RATE SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN TWENTY PER CENT OF THE TAX RATE PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 42-6203, SUBSECTION A.

Sec. 10. Laws 2002, chapter 330, section 51, as amended by senate bill 1405, section 7, forty-sixth legislature, second regular session and as transmitted to the governor, is amended to read:

Sec. 51. <u>Temporary prohibition on joining or forming joint technological education districts</u>

- A. Notwithstanding sections 15-392 and 15-395, Arizona Revised Statutes, school districts shall not be allowed to:
- 1. Form any new joint technological education district between November 30, 2002 and June 30, 2005, unless both of the following requirements are met:
- (a) At least two school district governing boards voted to participate as part of the joint technological education district before February 1, 2002.
- (b) The joint technological education district is approved by the voters before November 30, 2002.
- 2. Join a joint technological education district between the effective date of this act and June 30, 2005, unless the school district shares a border with a school district that currently belongs to the joint district or, if the school district does not share a border with a school district that currently belongs to the joint district, the governing board of the school district voted to become part of the joint technological education district at a public meeting before March 7, 2002 and the joinder is approved by the voters before November 30, 2002. The election requirements prescribed in sections 15-392 and 15-395, Arizona Revised Statutes, apply to any joinders entered into pursuant to this paragraph.
- B. FOR FISCAL YEAR 2004-2005, BASIC STATE AID FUNDING TO a new joint technological education district formed pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 1 of this section shall be limited to four hundred fifty average daily membership students through fiscal year 2004-2005 NO MORE THAN THE AMOUNT OF BASIC STATE AID FUNDING THAT THE DISTRICT RECEIVED IN FISCAL YEAR 2003-2004.

Sec. 11. <u>Hayden-Winkelman school district: repayment of lease-purchase agreements and warrants</u>

Nothing in senate bill 1405, section 17, forty-sixth legislature, second regular session, as transmitted to the governor, shall be construed to prohibit the Hayden-Winkelman unified school district no. 41 from entering into lease-purchase agreements or from registering warrants if the agreements and warrants are repaid through the general operating revenues of the district.

Sec. 12. Retroactivity

Sections 15-491 and 15-1021, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, apply retroactively to from and after May 14, 2004.

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Sec. 13. Conditional enactment

A. Section 15-980, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, is not effective unless section 15-980, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by senate bill 1405, section 5, forty-sixth legislature, second regular session, and as transmitted to the governor becomes law.

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B. Section 10 of this act, relating to a temporary prohibition on joining or forming joint technological education districts, is not effective unless senate bill 1405, section 7, forty-sixth legislature, second regular session, as transmitted to the governor, becomes law.

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C. Section 11 of this act is not effective unless senate bill 1405, section 17, forty-sixth legislature, second regular session, relating to the Hayden-Winkelman school district appropriation becomes law.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR JUNE 7, 2004.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE JUNE 7, 2004.

Passed the House Tebruary 23, 2004	t	Passed the Senate	M	ay 25	5,200%
by the following vote: 52 Ay	yes,	by the following vote	::	29	Ayes,
Nays, 8 Not Vo	oting	- O	Nays,	<u>/</u>	Not Voting
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HOUSE FINAL PASSAGE as per Joint Conference	SENATE FINAL PASSAGE as per Joint Conference
Passed the House May 26, 2004,	Passed the Senate May 26, 2008,
by the following vote: 46 Ayes,	by the following vote: 24 Ayes,
Nays, 4 Not Voting Ale Speaker of the House Chief Clerk of the House	Nays, Not Voting President of the Senate Chamber Secretary of the Senate
	TMENT OF ARIZONA GOVERNOR ed by the Governor
this 27th day of	May . 2004.
at 7:35	o'clock A. M.
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Approved this day of	
Governor of Arizona	
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